II. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-15. (Canceled)

- 16. (New) A method for production of a L-amino acid derived from a beta-aryl-substituted L-amino acid, comprising:
- (a) fermenting an E.coli host cell that contains an isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of
 - (i) a nucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1; and
 - (ii) a nucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2;
 - (b) expressing an Arthrobacter aurescens' L-N-carbamoylase from step (a); and
- (c) contacting the L-N carbamoylase of step (b) with N-carbamoyl or N-formyl amino acids to produce said L-amino acid derived from a beta-aryl-substituted L-amino acid.
- 17. (New) The method according to claim 16, further comprising the step of immobilizing the L-N-carbamoylase onto carriers.
- 18. (New) The method according to claim 17, wherein the L-N-carbamoylase is covalently immobilized on EAH-sepharose.
- 19. (New) The method according to claim 16, wherein the induction of expression of L-N-carbamoylase is by rhamnose, IPTG, or lactose.
- 20. (New) The method according to claim 16, wherein N-formyl-D,L tryptophase, N-acetyl-D,L-tryptophane, and N-carbamoyl-D, L-phenylalanine serve as substrates for the L-N-carbamoylase.
- 21. (New) The method according to claim 16, wherein the isolated polynucleotide is the *hyu*C gene of *Arthrobacter aurescens*.
 - 22. (New) A method for production of L-methionine comprising:
- (a) fermenting an *E.coli* host cell that contains an isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of

- (i) a nucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1; and
- (ii) a nucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2;
- (b) producing an Arthrobacter aurescens' L-N-carbamoylase from step (a); and
- (c) contacting the L-N carbamoylase of step (b) with N-carbamoyl-L-thienylalanine to produce L-methionine.
- 23. (New) The method according to claim 22, further comprising the step of immobilizing the L-N-carbamoylase onto carriers.
- 24. (New) The method according to claim 23, wherein the L-N-carbamoylase is covalently immobilized on EAH-sepharose.
- 25. (New) The method according to claim 22, wherein the induction of expression of L-N-carbamoylase is by rhamnose, IPTG, or lactose.
- 26. (New) The method according to claim 22, wherein N-carbamoyl-L-methionine serve as substrates for the L-N-carbamoylase.
- 27. (New) The method according to claim 22, wherein the isolated polynucleotide is the hyuC gene of Arthrobacter aurescens.